CHORD SYMBOL

C 7th C7 C MAJOR 7th Ci7 C_m7 C MINOR 7th C° C DIM C+ C AUG 5 C MINOR MAJOR 7th Cm_j7 C^{\emptyset} C HALF DIMINISHED C 9th C9 C5 C FLATTENED 5th C FLATTENED 9th C9b C 11th C11 C 13th C13

Putting the flats after the figures in the chords avoids the flat from being associated with the chord base. (Such as between the two chords $E
ildel{9} in and E9 in and elso avoids having to put a space-hogging and redundant and obvious 7 before the 9)$

When the base note of a chord is important, which often occurs in a sequence such as:

Dm	Dm	Dm	Dm	Bb7	A7	Dm	Dm
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I'd put, after noting that subscripts are important bass notes (or, which I would propose, that it is inherent in the system)

Dm c#Dm cDm BDm Bb7 A7 Dm Dm

If the typeface is too small for subscripts to be easily read, one could put:

Dm (C#)Dm (C)Dm (B)Dm Bb7 A7 Dm Dm

This system, in my 'umble opinion, makes the symbols as short and non-confusing as possible.

(Hope I haven't missed out any important chords. If I have, let me know, and Ill propose a symbol for it/them).